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STATE OF ISRAEL MINISTRY OF FINANCE Economics and State Revenues Department



Economic Highlights Presentation

4th Quarter 2012

In any case of information derived from sources external to the Ministry of Finance, such sources are mentioned at the bottom of each item

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Economic Figures



Criteria	2011	2012**	2012 Q1	2012 Q2	2012 Q3	2012 Q
GDP Current prices in \$B)*	243.6	241.0	59.8	60.8	59.7	
Real GDP growth rate % change)	4.6%	3.3%	2.9%	3.1%	2.9%	
GDP per capita Current \$)	\$31,384	\$30,486	7,609\$	7,712\$	7,561\$	
GDP per capita growth rate %, 2005 prices)	2.7%	1.5%	1.1%	1.4%	1.0%	
Exports (goods & services), \$B* (As % of GDP)	91.0 <i>37.3%</i>	91.0 37.7%	21.9 <i>36.6%</i>	23.8 <i>39.2%</i>	22.0 <i>36.7%</i>	
imports (goods & services), \$B* (As % of GDP)	92.1 <i>37.8%</i>	92.5 37.7%	24.2 <i>40.5%</i>	23.4 <i>38.5%</i>	22.6 <i>37.7%</i>	
Jnemployment rate	7.1%	6.9%	6.8%	6.9%	6.8%	6.9%

*Using a periodic average exchange rate.

**The national accounts data for 2012 are a preliminary estimates of the CBS

Economic Figures



Criteria	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Citteria	2007	2000	2009	2010	2011	2012
Public debt (As % of GDP)	77.8%	77.1%	79.3%	76.3%	74.0%	74.0%*
General government expenditure (As % of GDP)	43.6%	43.0%	43.0%	42.6%	42.3%	2.
Current account surplus As % of GDP)	2.9%	0.9%	3.7%	3.8%	0.8%	-0.6%**
Inflation rate (CPI, yearly average, % change)	0.5%	4.6%	3.3%	2.7%	3.5%	1.7%
Budget deficit (As % of GDP)	0.0%	2.2%	5.2%	3.7%	3.3%	4.2%

* MoF Estimates.

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** First three quarters at annual rate.

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GDP and **Business GDP**

Annual rate of change, constant prices, 2005



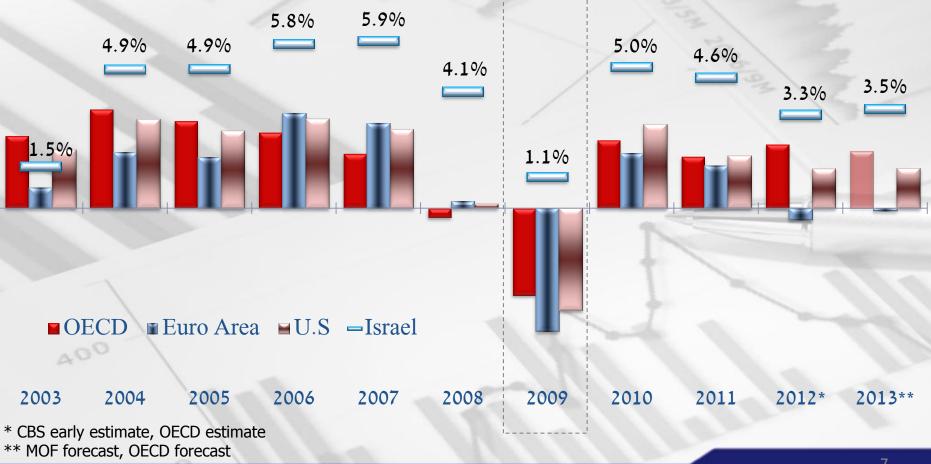
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GDP Growth

Israel compared to advanced economies, annual rate of change, constant prices

Since 2004, Israel's growth rate has exceeded the average growth rate of advanced economies.

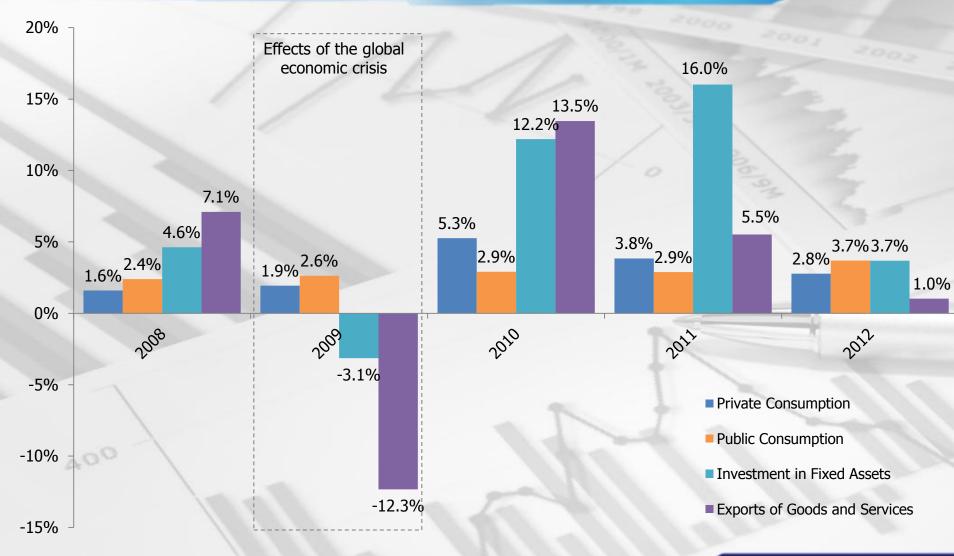
In 2009, as most of the world experienced a decline in GDP, Israel experienced a 0.8% growth in it's GDP.





GDP Components

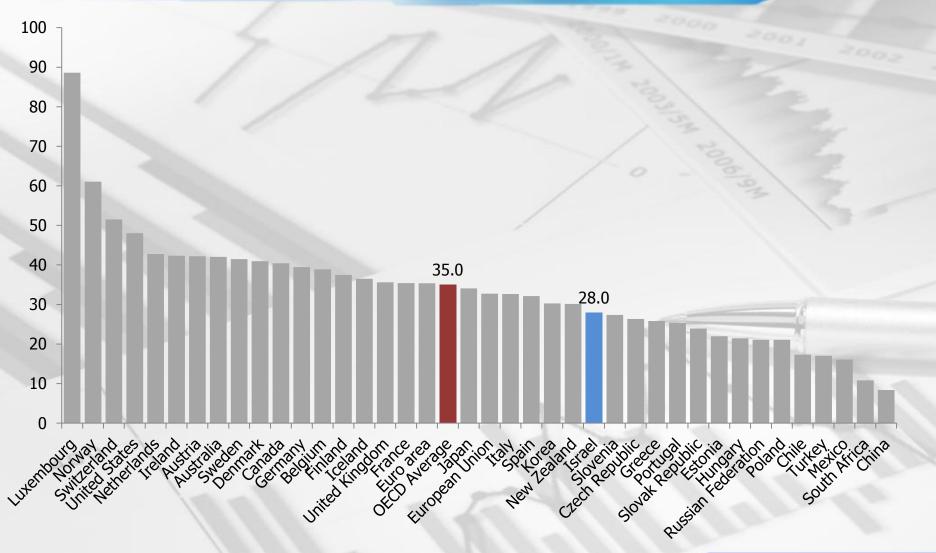
Real Annual Percentage Change





GDP per Capita

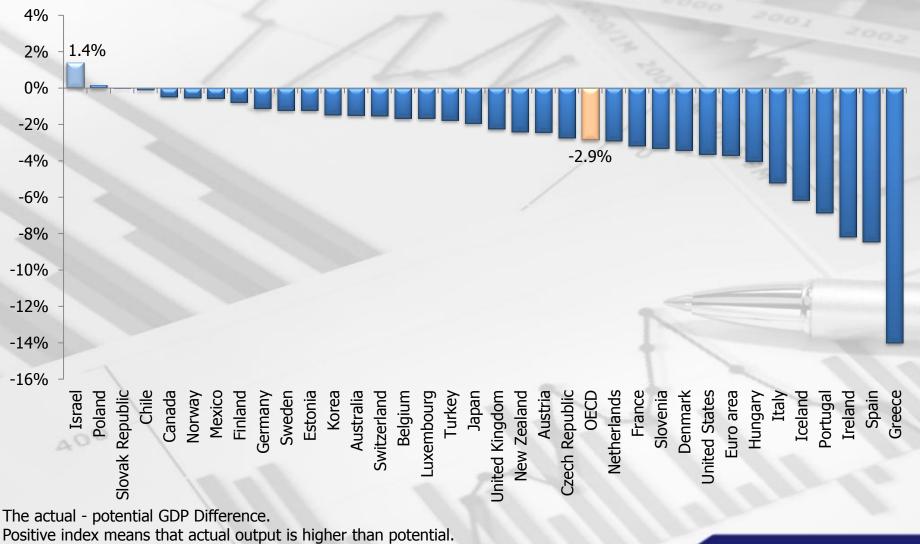
U.S \$, Current prices, Current PPP, 2011





Output Gap

As percentage of Potential GDP, 2012





Stock Exchange Indices Percentage Change, end of period relative to pervious period's end

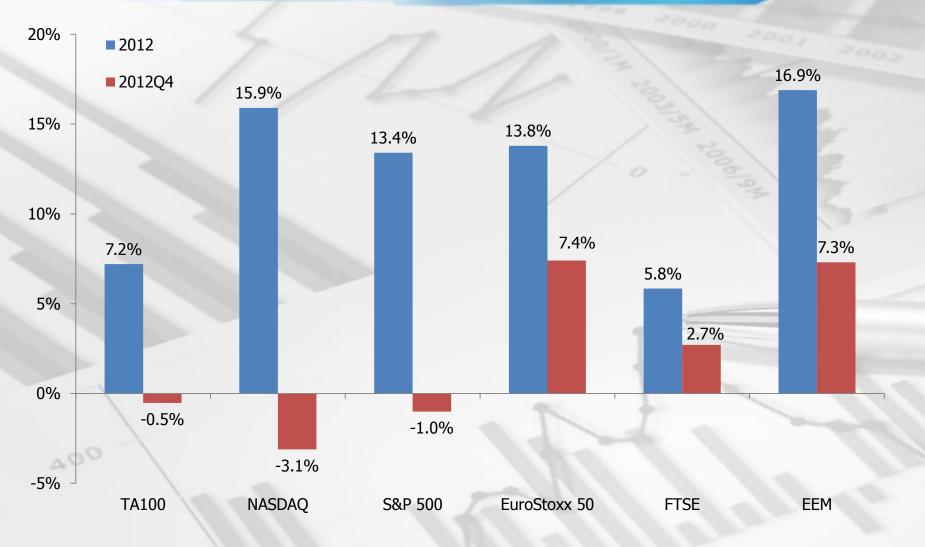
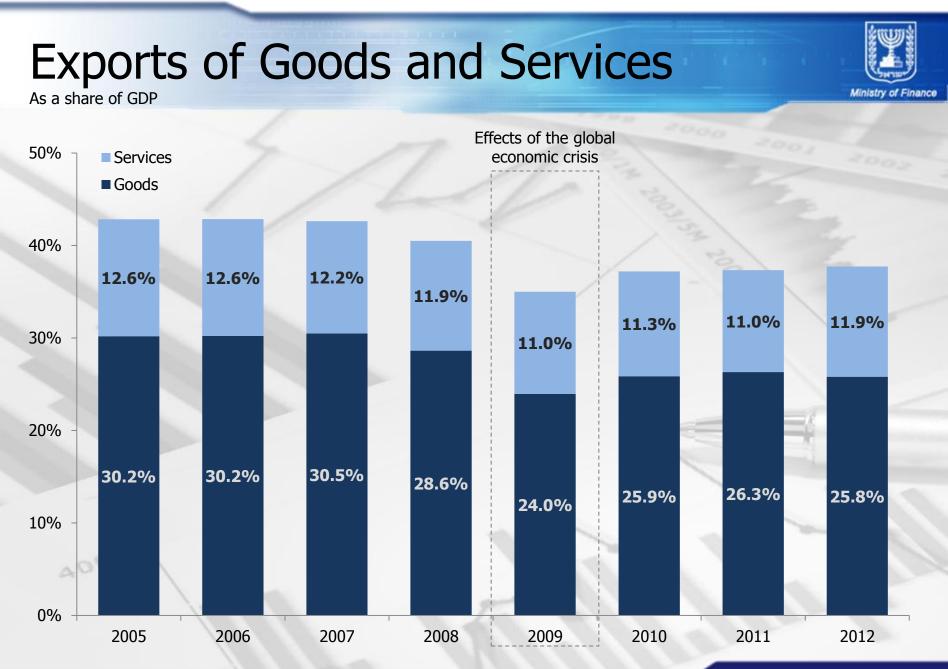




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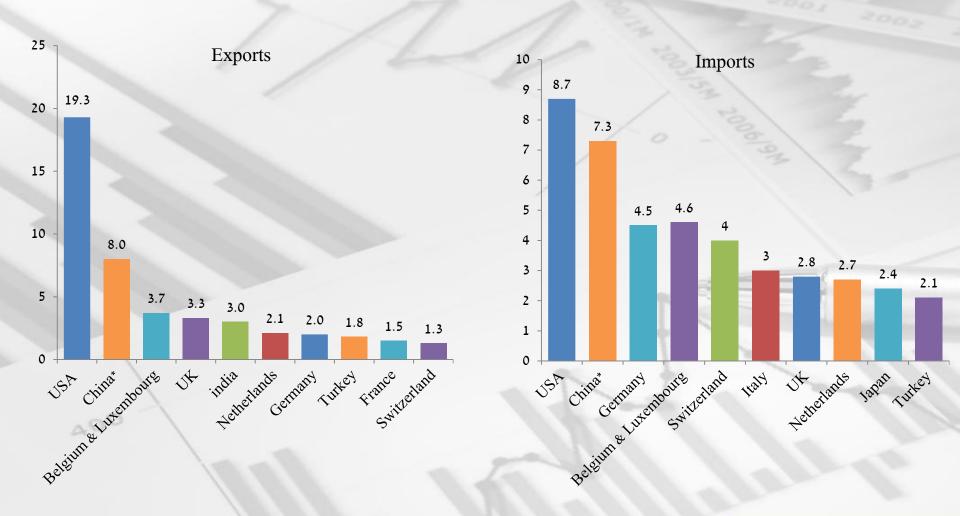


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Main Trading Partners

US \$ Billions, 2012



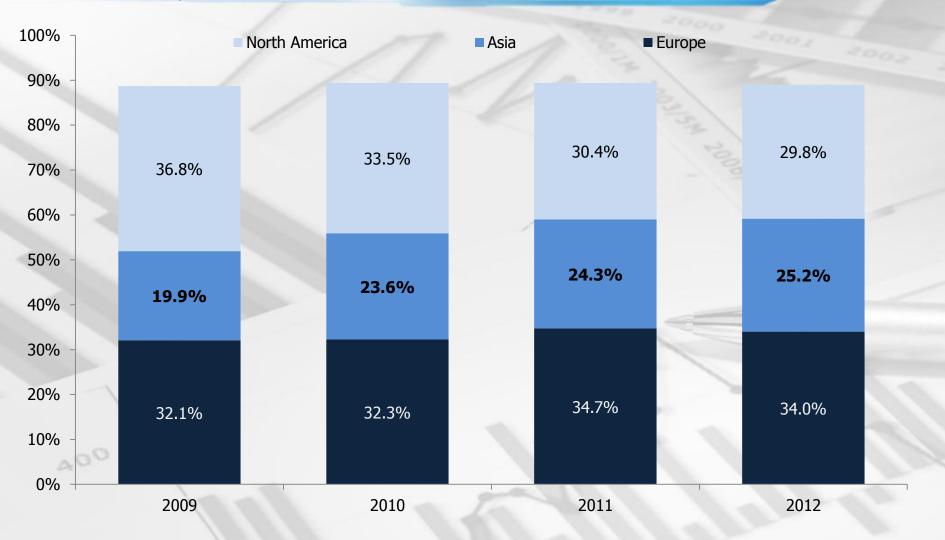
* The data on trade with Hong-Kong is added to the data on China



Main Export Destinations



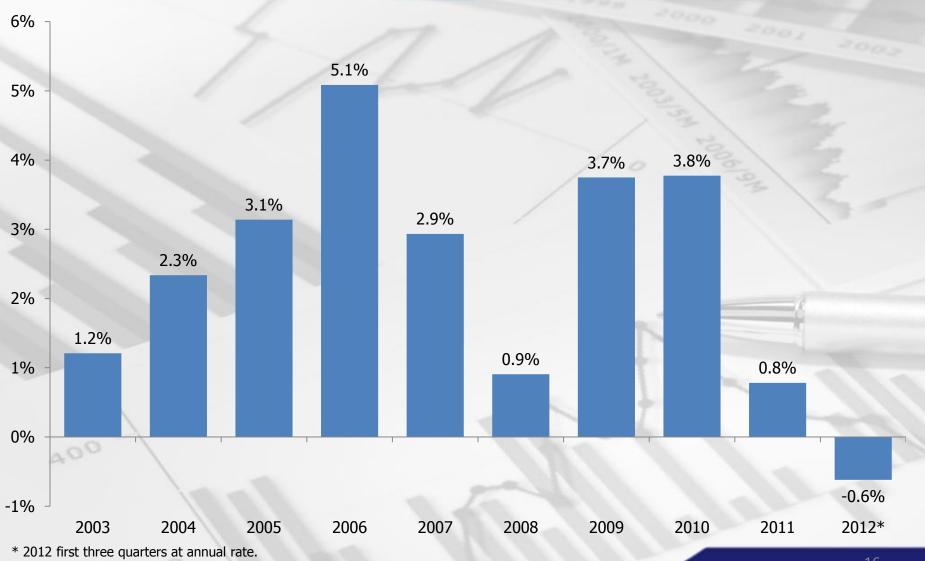
As a share of total exports



Current Account Surplus



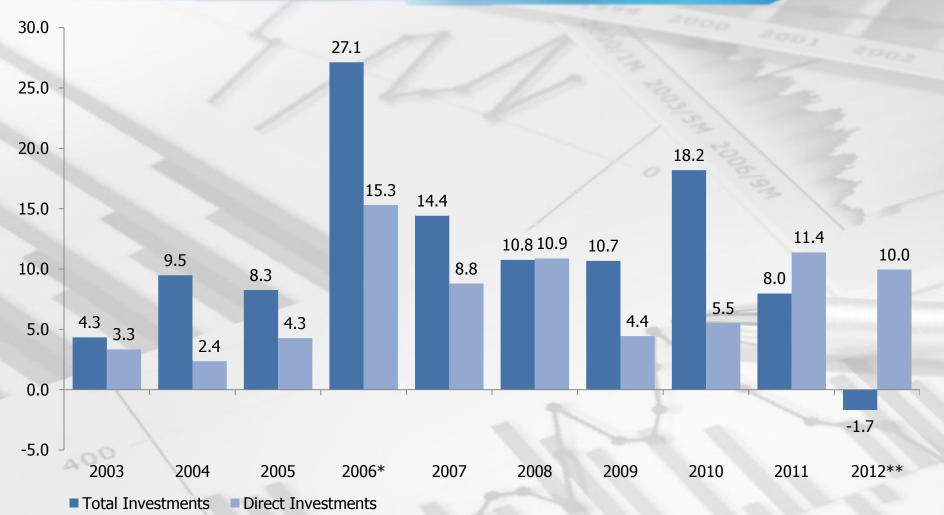
As % of GDP



Foreign Investments



US \$ Billions



* In 2006, a large acquisition by Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd. was excluded from the data.

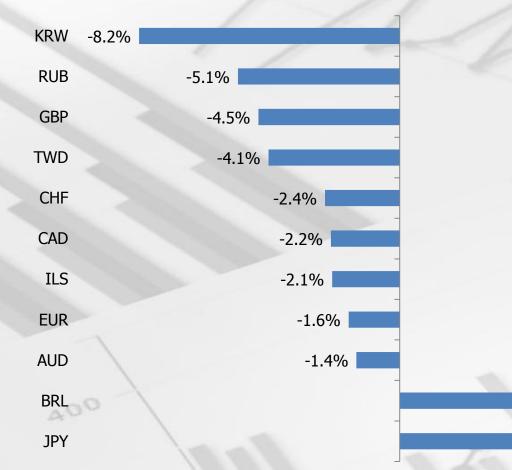
** 2012 first three quarters at annual rate.

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics

Exchange Rates

31 December 2012 vs 31 December 2011





The annual change in the specified currency relative to the US\$

A decrease means an appreciation of the specified currency relative to the US\$

12.6%

9.9%

Terms of Trade

2005 average = 100



Ministry of Finance

Israel's Free Trade Agreements



More extended information is available in the Israel Ministry of Finance website

MERCOSUR

1985

1992

1997

1997

1999

2000

2007

C*

MERCOSUR

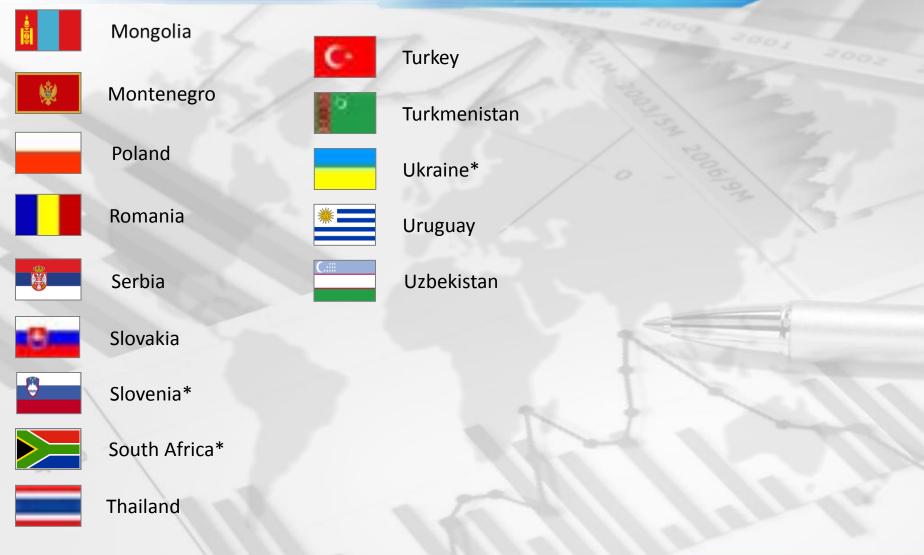
Bilateral Investment Treaties





Bilateral Investment Treaties





*Extended information is available in the Israel Ministry of Finance website

Economic Organizations

Membership in main international economic organizations

Israel is a member in leading international economic organizations:

- United Nations Organizations
- United Nations Agencies
- World Bank Group
- International Monetary Fund
- OECD

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- Regional Organizations
- Inter-Governmental Organizations

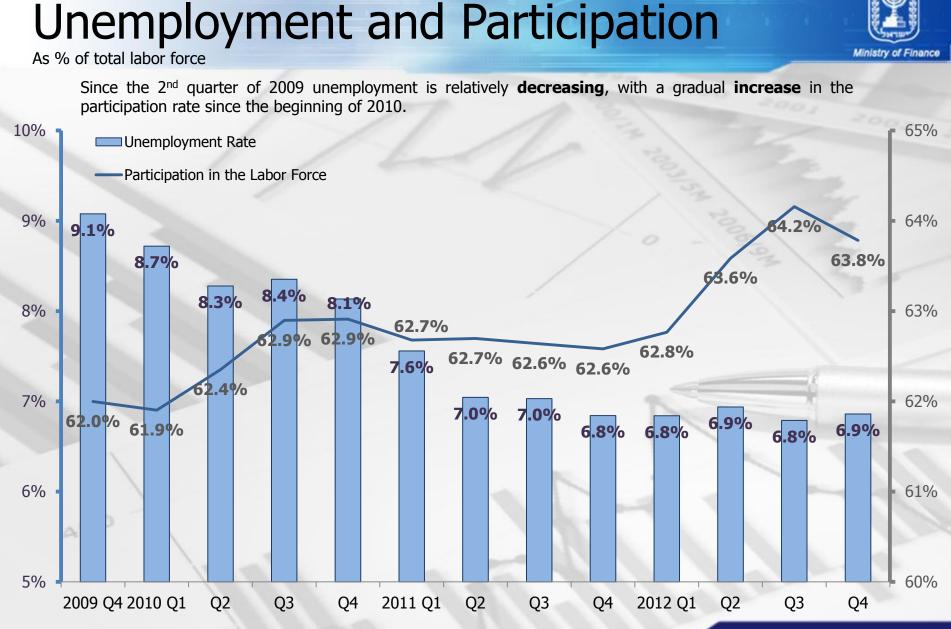




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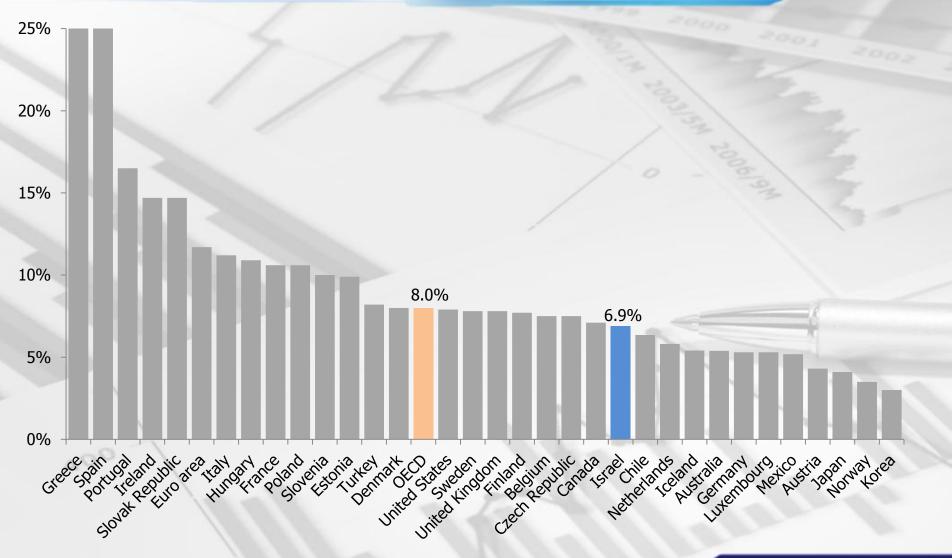
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Unemployment Rate



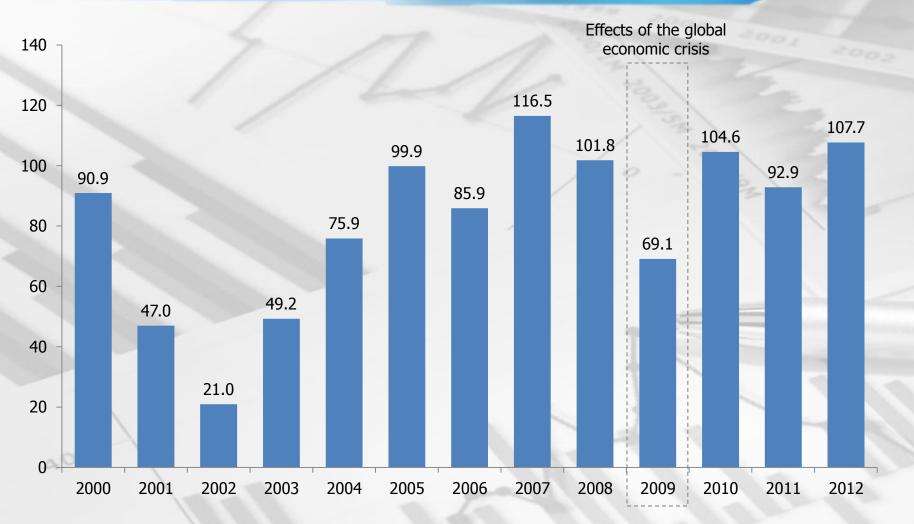
Latest available data



Job Creation



Change in the number of employees



Annual average relative to previous year average.

Employment Rate

15+, latest available quarterly data

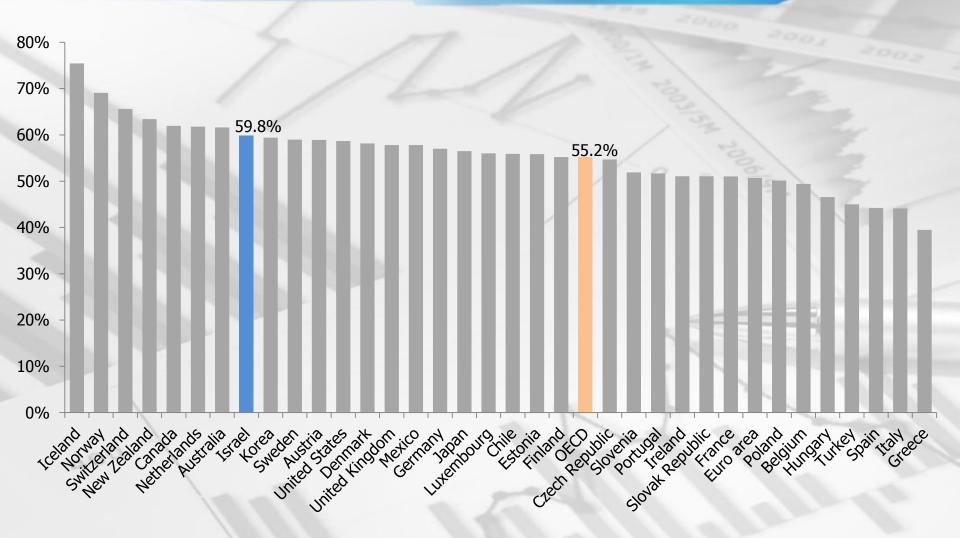
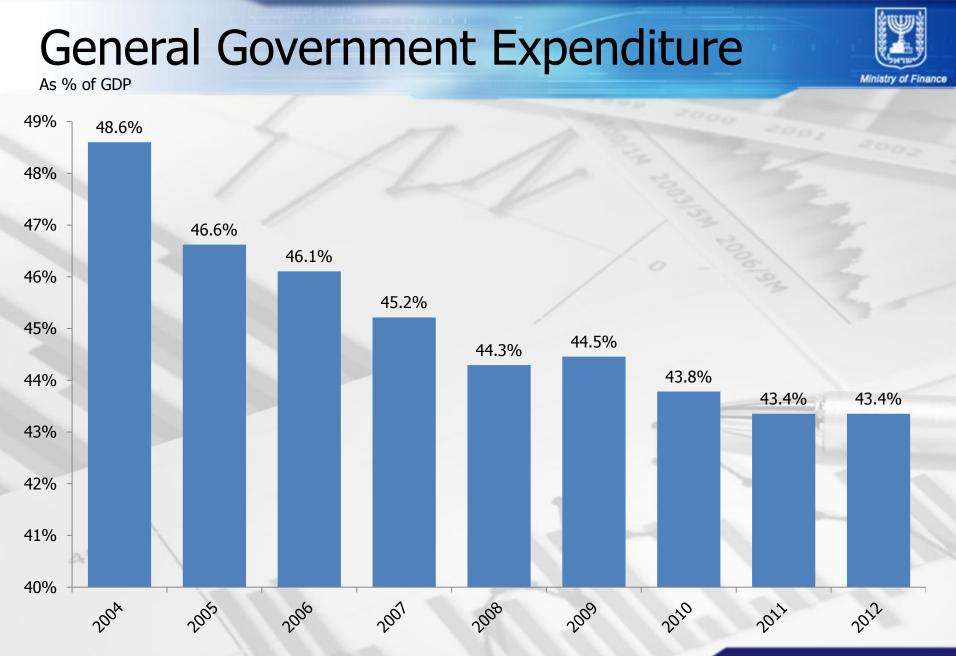




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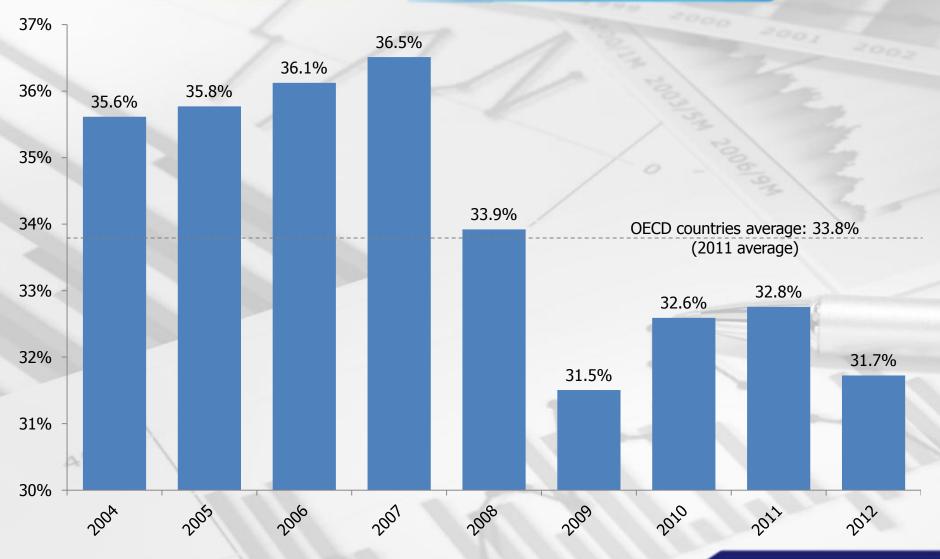
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General Government Tax Burden

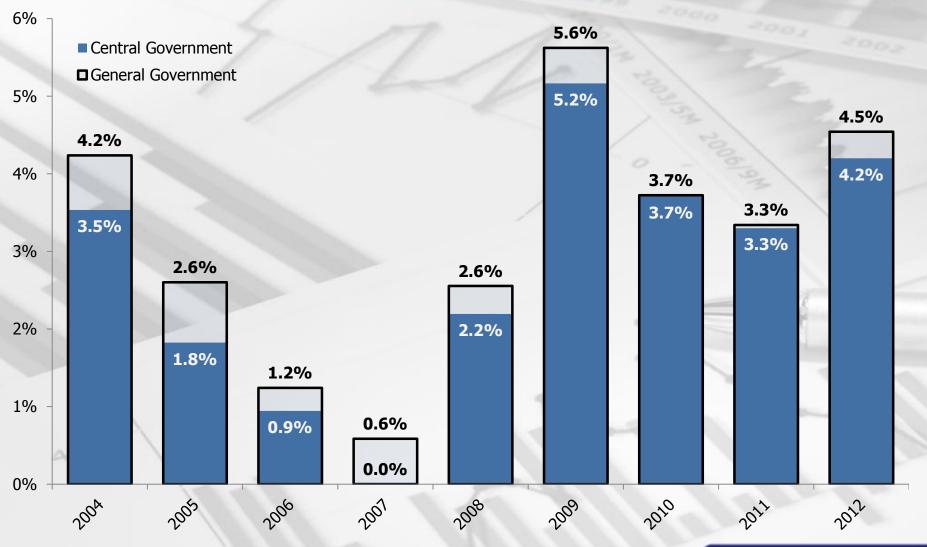


As % of GDP

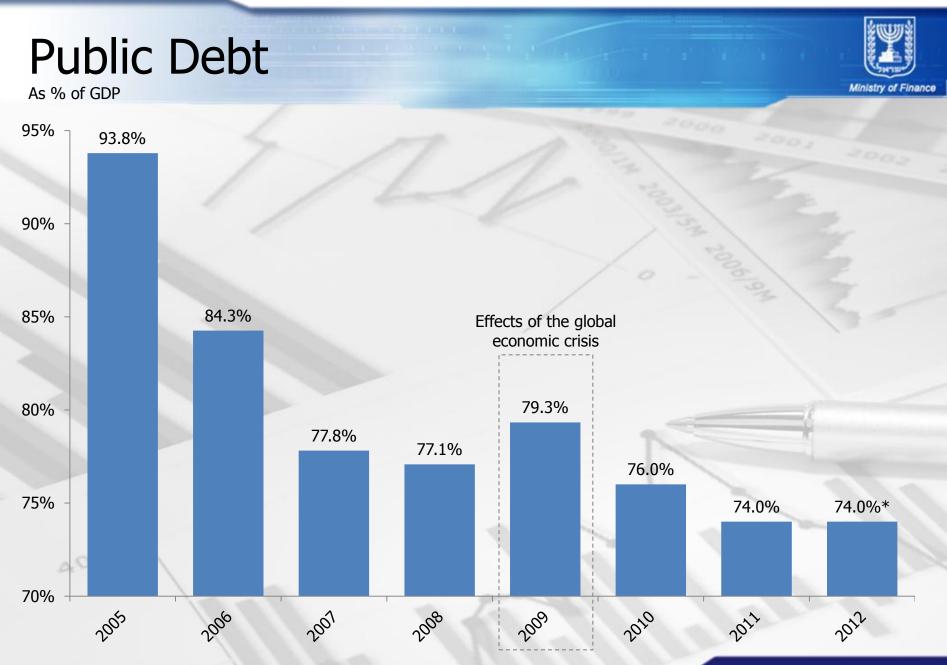


General and Central Budget Deficit

As % of GDP

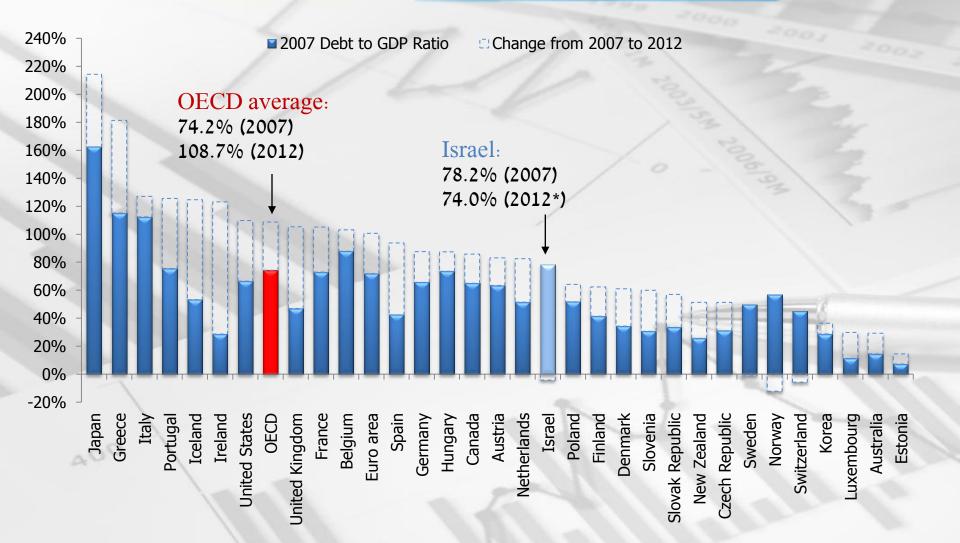


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Public Debt

As % of GDP, international comparison



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Israel's Credit Ratings



Updated to mid-September, 2012

Rating Firm	Term	Domestic Bonds Forec Rating		Overseas Bonds Rating	
Manadada	Long	A1	Challe	A1	
Moody's	Short	-	Stable	P1	
Ctandard 9 Deerla	Long	AA-	Ctable	A+	
Standard & Poor's	Short	A-1+	Stable	A-1	
Fitch	Long	A+	Stable	A	
FICH	Short	<u> </u>	Stable	F1	
Aa3/AA-		April 2008 Moody's upgrade Israel To A1	Sep 2011 S&P upgrade Israel To A+		
A1/A+ -		Nov 2007 S&P upgrade Israel To A		Moody's	
A2/A				-S&P	
A3/A-	Γ	I.e.		Fitch	
A00			_	Feb 2008	
Baa1/BBB+			1	Fitch upgrade Israel To A	
	1998 2000	2002 2004 2006	2008 2010		

Avoidance of Double Taxation





More extended information is available in the Israel Ministry of Finance website

Avoidance of Double Taxation



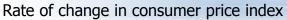


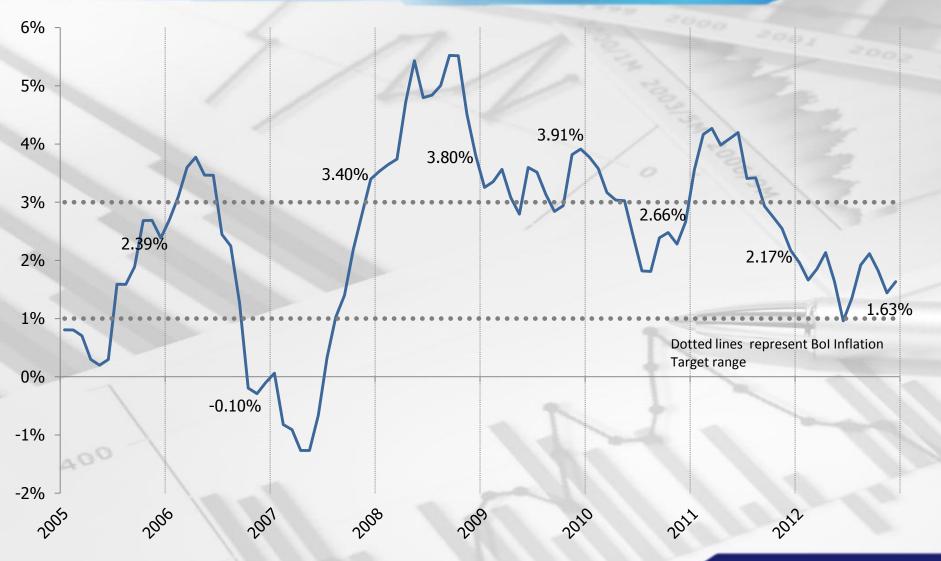
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Inflation Rate

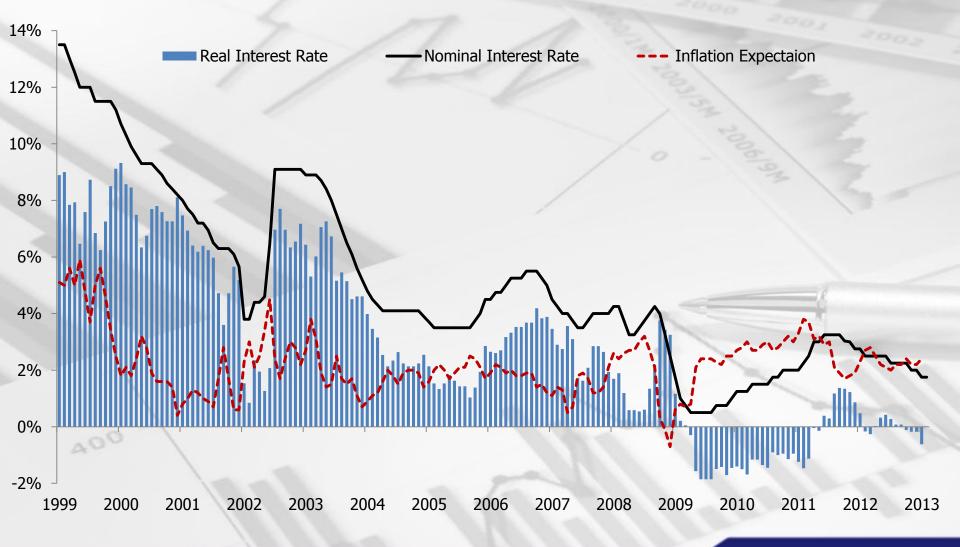






Interest Rate

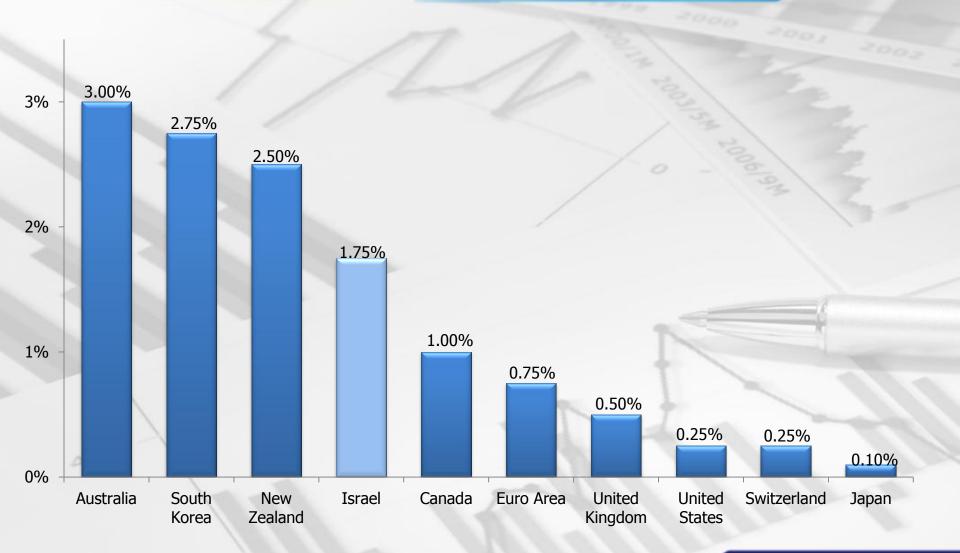




Central Banks' Interest Rates



International Comparison

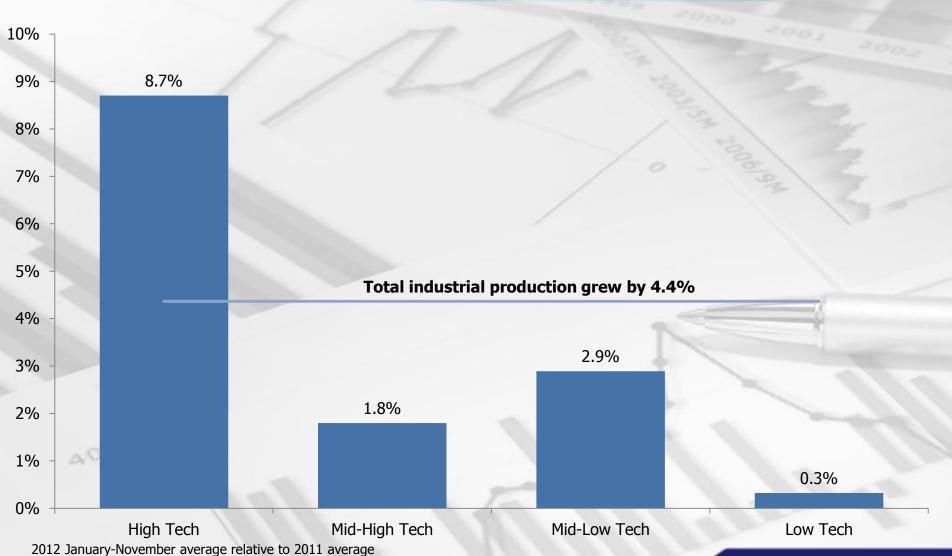




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Industrial Production

Annual Growth

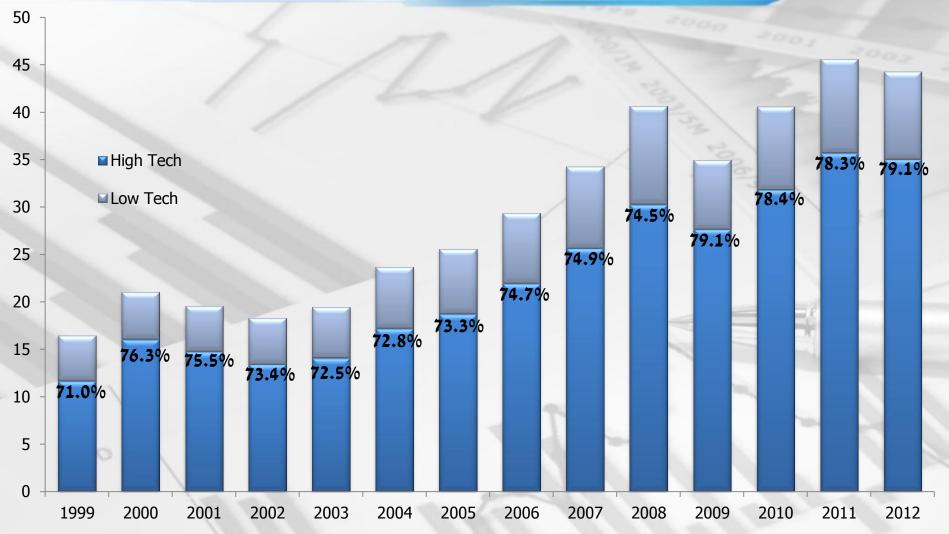


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Industrial Export

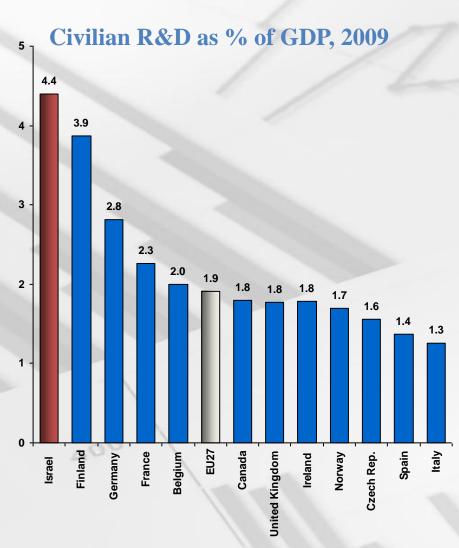


Billions Current US\$



Israel is a World Leader in Science, Technology, and Innovation





- 1st in R&D expenditure of as % of GDP*
- 1st in quality of scientific research institutions**
- 1st for entrepreneurship being widespread amongst its managers*
- ^{2nd} in public expenditure on education*
- 3rd in venture capital availability**
- 4th in PCT patents applications per million population**
- 5th for strength of investor protection**
- 6 Israelis in the last 10 years have been awarded Nobel Prizes in the fields of Economics or Chemistry



Global Competitiveness Report 2012-2013

"The country's main strengths remain its world-class capacity for innovation (3rd), which rests on highly innovative businesses that benefit from the presence of the world's best research institutions geared toward the needs of the business sector. Israel's excellent innovation capacity, which is supported by the government's public procurement policies, is reflected in the country's high number of patents (4th). Its favorable financial environment, particularly evident in the ease of access to venture capital (3rd), has contributed to making Israel an innovation powerhouse.."

Israel in IMD Rankings

IMD World Competitiveness Yearbook 2012



100.000	(1) Hong Kong 1	IM
97.755	(1) USA 2	INTERNATIONAL
96.679	(5) Switzerland 3	Real World. Real Learning"
95.923	(3) Singapore 4	
91.393	(4) Sweden 5	The Institute for Management
90.289	(7) Canada 6	Development ranked Israel 10th out of
89.959	(6) Taiwan 7	Development ranked Israel 19th out of
89.673	(13) Norway 8	59 countries for 2012.
89.257	(10) Germany 9	
88.475	(8) Qatar 10	
87.158	(14) Netherlands 11	Israel has been ranked 1 st at
86.052	(11) Luxemburg 12	Isidel has been failled I at
84.876	(12) Denmark 13	entrepreneurship and 9 th at economy
84.217	(16) Malaysia 14	
83.185	(9) Australia 15	resilience.
82.486	(28) UAE 16	1 1
82.467	(15) Finland 17	1 24 1 200
80.142	(20) United Kingdom 18	
78.565	(17) Israel 19	
78.465	(24) Ireland 20	
0 10 2	0 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 10	00

Israel in IMD Rankings



IMD World Competitiveness Yearbook 2012

Israel's ranking compared to other IMD countries, Business Efficiency and Infrastructure

Business Efficiency

3.4.07 Entrepreneurship (S)	2
3.2.17 Skilled labor (S)	4
3.3.16 Venture capital (S)	5
3.5.03 National culture (S)	5
3.5.04 Flexibility and adaptability (S)	6
3.5.01 Attitudes toward globalization (S)	8
3.2.18 Finance skills (S)	8
3.2.23 Competent senior managers (S)	10
3.2.22 International experience (S)	10
3.1.10 Small and medium-size enterprises (S)	П

Infrastructure

4.3.05 Business expenditure on R&D (%)	1
4.3.02 Total expenditure on R&D (%)	1
4.2.17 Public and private sector ventures (S)	1
4.5.01 Total public expenditure on education (%)	2
4.3.23 Innovative capacity (S)	2
4.3.18 Scientific research (S)	2
4.3.22 Knowledge transfer (S)	2
4.3.20 Scientific research legislation (S)	2

Israel's ranking compared to other IMD countries, Economic Performance and Government Efficiency Economic Performance 1.4.08 Youth unemployment 1.3.13 Relocation threats of production (S) 8 1.1.19 Resilience of the economy (S) 9 1.3.06 Direct investment flows inward (%) 10 1.1.13 Diversification of the economy (S) 17 18 1.1.14 Real GDP growth 1.4.06 Unemployment rate 20 1.3.04 Direct investment stocks abroad (%) 23 1.1.15 Real GDP growth per capita 24 1.2.13 Exports of commercial services (%) 25

Government Efficiency

2.3.05 Central bank policy (S)	5
2.2.11 Employer's social security contribution rate	7
2.4.14 Creation of firms (S)	7
2.4.06 Capital markets (S)	9
2.5.03 Ageing of society (S)	11
2.5.09 Equal opportunity (S)	14
2.4.07 Investment incentives (S)	14
2.4.17 Labor regulations (S)	14
2.4.16 Start-up procedures	16
2.3.02 Cost of capital (S)	16

Israel in WEF Rankings

World Economic Forum Global Competitiveness Index 2012-2013

Country/Economy	Rank/144	Score (1–7)	GCI 2011–2012 sample	GCI 2011–2012 rank
Switzerland	1	5.72	1	1
Singapore	2	5.67	2	2
Finland	3	5.55	3	4
Sweden	4	5.53	4	3
Netherlands	5	5.50	5	7
Germany	6	5.48	6	6
United States	7	5.47	7	5
United Kingdom	8	5.45	8	10
Hong Kong SAR	9	5.41	9	11
Japan	10	5.40	10	9
Qatar	11	5.38	11	14
Denmark	12	5.29	12	8
Taiwan, China	13	5.28	13	13
Canada	14	5.27	14	12
Norway	15	5.27	15	16
Austria	16	5.22	16	19
Belgium	17	5.21	17	15
Saudi Arabia	18	5.19	18	17
Korea, Rep.	19	5.12	19	24
Australia	20	5.12	20	20
France	21	5.11	21	18
Luxembourg	22	5.09	22	23
New Zealand	23	5.09	23	25
United Arab Emirates	24	5.07	24	27
Malaysia	25	5.06	25	21
Israel	26	5.02	26	22
Ireland	27	4.91	27	29
Brunei Darussalam	28	4.87	28	28
China	29	4.83	29	26
Iceland	30	4.74	30	30
Puerto Rico	31	4.67	31	35
Oman	32	4.65	32	32
Chile	33	4.65	33	31
Estonia	34	4.64	34	33
Bahrain	35	4.63	35	37

The World Economic Forum ranked Israel 26th out of 144 countries for 2012-2013 in terms of competitiveness. The Forum also ranked Israel: 1st in Quality of scientific research institutions 3rd in Venture capital availability 4th in PCT patents, applications/million pop. 5th in Strength of investor protection 5th in Firm-level technology absorption 6th in Capacity for innovation 6th in Company spending on R&D And 8th in University-industry collaboration in

Source: World Economic Forum Global Competitiveness Index 2011-2012

R&D





Cooperation in Industrial R&D

North America

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New York Massachusetts Maryland Virginia Wisconsin Colorado Illinois Oregon BIRD (Foundation) Ontario CIIRDF (Foundation)

> **South America** Argentina Uruguay Brazil

Europe France Russia Italy (and Trento county) Germany Greece **Czech Republic** Bulgaria Lithuania Slovenia Denmark Hungary Turkey Portugal Finland Sweden Ireland Spain

* Through EUREKA (40 country Multilateral

Cyprus

Netherlands

Initiative)

Asia China (Shanghai, Jiangsu, Shenzhen, Federal) India

SIIRD-Singapore (Foundation) KORIL-RDF-Korea (Foundation)

> Australia (Victoria)

More extended information is available in the Israel Ministry of Finance website



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Ministry of Industry, Trade and Labor

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Israel Government Portal



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